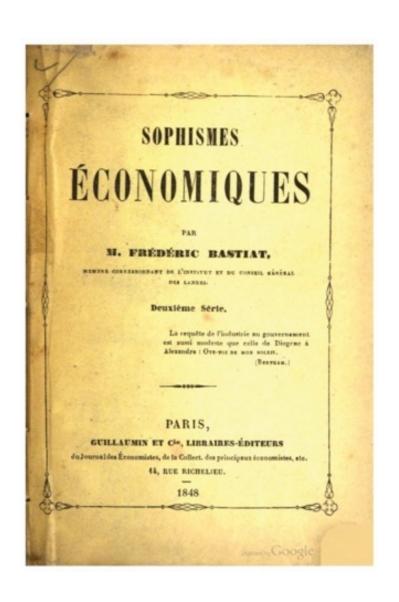
"On Ricochets, Hidden Channels, and Negative Multipliers: Bastiat on Calculating the Economic Costs of 'The Unseen'." David M. Hart





Frédéric Bastiat (1801-1850)

The Collected Works of Frédéric Bastiat, 6 vols. (Liberty Fund, 2011-)

FRÉDÉRIC BASTIAT

THE MAN AND THE STATESMAN

The Correspondence and Articles on Politics

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Jacques de Guenin, General Editor

- Vol. 1: The Man and the Statesman. The Correspondence and Articles on Politics
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CE QU'ON VOIT

CE QÜ'ON NE VOIT PAS

L'ÉCONOMIE POLITIQUE EN UNE LEÇON

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F. BASTIAT

CINQUIÈME ÉDITION

, PARIS
LIBRAIRIE GUILLAUMIN ET C. RUE RICHELIEU, 14

Structure of the Paper

1. The Problem of Calculating the Economic Costs of the Unseen: the "Double Incidence of Loss"

- Seeing the Problem of "the Seen" and "the Unseen"
- Bastiat's First Formulation in 1847: "the Double Incidence of Loss"
- The "Triple Incidence of Loss"

2. The Sophism Bastiat never wrote: the Sophism of the Ricochet Effect

- Preparatory Work and Regrets
- The Intellectual Origins of "The Ricochet Effect"
- Bastiat's Use of the Term Ricochet
- The Distinction between "Positive Ricochet Effects" (PRE) and "Negative Ricochet Effects" (NRE)

3. Appendices

- Appendix 1: Sophisms on the Double Incidence of Loss
- Appendix 2: Chronological List of Bastiat's use of the Term "Ricochet"
- Appendix 3: Fourier's Le Nouveau monde industriel (1829)
- Appendix 4: Perronet Thompson and the "Double Incidence of Loss" (1834)

The Problem of Calculating the Economic Costs of the Unseen: the "Double Incidence of Loss"

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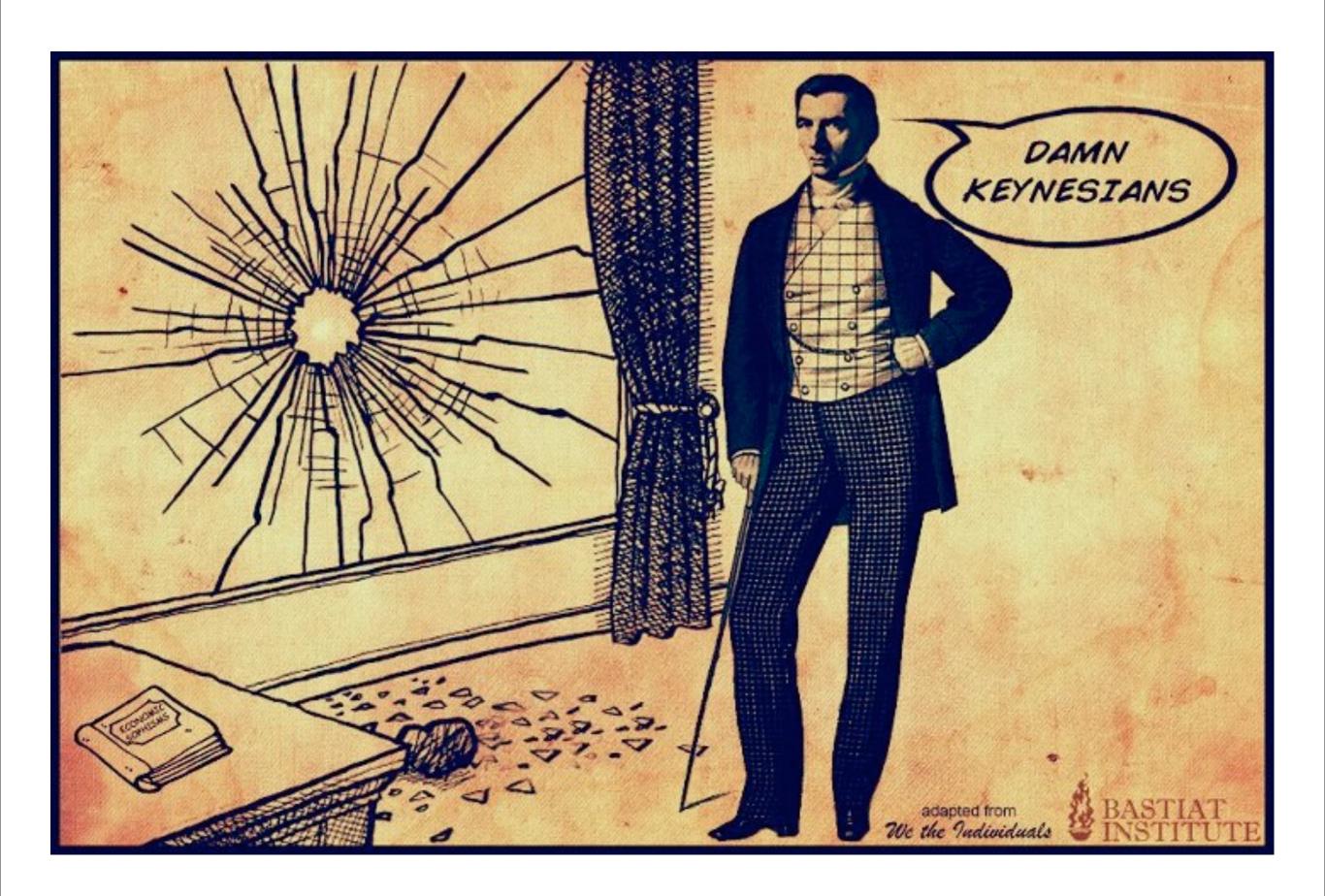
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Seeing the Problem of "the Seen" and "the Unseen"

- "La vitre casée" (The Broken Window) in *Ce qu'on voit et ce qu'on ne voit pas, ou l'Économie politique en une leçon* (What is Seen and What is Not Seen, or Political Economy in One Lesson) (1850)
- The Great Fire of London 1666



The Problem of Calculating the Economic Costs of the Unseen: the "Double Incidence of Loss"

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Bastiat's First Formulation in 1847: "the Double Incidence of Loss"

- Col. Thomas Perronet Thompson (1783-1869)
- "A Running Commentary on Anti-Commercial Fallacies", the Spectator (1834)
- Contre-Enquête. Par l'Homme aux Quarante Ecus. (Counter-Inquiry. By the Man with the Forty Crowns a Year) (1834)
- (9 May 1847) ES3 IV. "Un profit contre deux pertes" (One Profit versus Two Losses)
- (30 May 1847) ES3 VII. "Deux pertes contre un profit" (Two Losses versus One Profit)
- François Arago (1786-1853)
- The "Triple Incidence of Loss"



Word Usage by FB

- Mistranslations in FEE editions "indirect"
- 24 instances of use of "ricochet" in FB's writings
- regret he never wrote a "sophism of the ricochet effect" (Jan. 1848) in speech in Salle Montesquieu, Paris

Frédéric Bastiat (1801-1850)



Frédéric Bastiat (1801-1850)

The Intellectual Origins of "The Ricochet Effect"

- vertical sense
- artillery expression
- Charles Fourier, *Le Nouveau monde industriel* (1829) "ricochet's of disdain" between classes
- Proudhon, *Qu'est-ce que la propriété* (What is Property) (1840) "ricochets of plunder" up and down the social ladder
- Louis Reybaud, Jérôme Paturot à la recherche d'une position sociale (Jérôme Paturot in Search of a Social Position) 1846) power and influence "ricocheting" around the "ruche bureaucratique" (bureaucratic hive)



Frédéric Bastiat (1801-1850)

Bastiat's Use of the Term "Ricochet"

- horizontal (not vertical) sense
- Possible translation: ripples, trickle down, flow on, knock on, cascading, "rejaillir" (splashing), bouncing, indirect, repercussions, reverberations, concatenation
- hydraulic metaphors, lines of force (electricity)
 - stones and pebbles thrown into water, causing concentric circles of ripples to fan outwards
 - objects bouncing or rebounding of each other or walls
 - water splashing back, or blowing back in one's face
 - water flowing over objects "glisser" (to slide or slip over something)
 - communication flows through "canaux secrets" (hidden channels) or "parallèles infinies" (infinite trajectories)
 - consumers are like reservoirs of water or electricity



Frédéric Bastiat (1801-1850)

Insights stemming from his Analysis of the Ricochet Effect

- the attempt to mathematically quantify the harm caused by government intervention in the economy
- the development of an early version of the "multiplier effect" "negative multiplier effect" ["divider effect" or a "multiplier of harms"] vs. "positive multiplier effect" by reducing costs for everyone.
- the interconnectedness of economic activity where an action has "ripple" or "flow on" effects
- that there are unintended consequences of economic action which can be either positive or negative ("the unseen")
- that economic information is transmitted to other participants in the economy by various methods (hydraulic or electrical analogies)

Appendices



Frédéric Bastiat (1801-1850)

- Appendix 1: Sophisms on the Double Incidence of Loss
- Appendix 2: Chronological List of Bastiat's use of the Term "Ricochet" and related Expressions
- Appendix 3: Fuller Quotation on "ricochets" from Fourier's Le Nouveau monde industriel (1829)
- Appendix 4: Perronet Thompson and the "Double Incidence of Loss" (1834) "Contre-Enquête" (1834) & "Letters of a representative to his constituents" ()



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