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ÆSOP Dress'd;

La Fontaine (g. de) [Falles.

COLLECTION

OF

FABLES

Writ in Familiar Verse.

By B. Mandeville, M. D.

LONDON:

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The PREFACE

Missing and THE and are should

PREFACE to the READER.

Refaces and Cuts are commonly made use of much to the same Purpose; to set off, and to explain. The latter, being too expensive, are pretty well out of date, in an Age, where there are abundance of fine things to be bought besides Books. But the first by wicked Custom, are become so necessary, that a Volume would look as defective without one, as if it wanted the very Title Page. Though it is hard I should be compelled to talk to my Reader, whether I have any thing to fay to him or not. Nay, what is worse, every Body thinks a Man Should be more lavish here of bis Skill and Learning, than any where else: Here they would have him shew his Airs, and therefore most Authors adorn their Prefaces, as if they were triumphal Arches; there's nothing empty to be feen about 'em, and from top to bottom they are to be crowded with Emblems and pretty Sayings, judiciously interwoven with Scraps of Latin; though they should borrow 'em from the Parson of the Parish. These, I say, are the Entertainments where they love to glut us with Wit and fine Language; though they starce us for ever after: Which makes some of em look like a rich piece of Fillegrew Work over the

The PREFACE.

Door of an empty Parlour. But I am re-folved my Portico shall suit with the rest of the House, and, as every thing is plain within, nothing shall be carv'd or gilt without: Besides, I hate formality, Good Reader, and all my Business with you is to let you know, that I have writ some Fables in Verse, after the Familiar Way of a Great Man in France, Monfieur de la Fontaine. I bacc confin d my felf to strict Numbers, and endeavour'd to make 'em free and natural; if they prove otherwise, I'm sorry for it. Two of the Fables are of my own Invention; but I am fo far from loving 'em the better, that I think they are the worst in the Pack: And therefore in good Manners to my self I conceal their Names. Find 'em out, and welcome. I could wish to have furnish'd you with something more worthy your precious time: But as you'll find nothing very Instructive, so there's little to puzzle your Brain. Besides, I desire every Body to read 'em at the same Hours I writ'em, that's when I had nothing else to do. If any like these Trisles, perhaps I may go on; if not, you shall be troubled with no more of 'em : And so fare ye well Reader.

The Two DRAGONS. A Fable.

Ot long ago th' Ambaffador From the great Turk to the Emperor, Extoll'd his Master's strength, beyond The German Force; a Courtier, fond Of his own Country, boaftingly Said, his Imperial Majesty Had many Princes under him, So powerful, that each of 'em. Could raise an Army of his own. And more than one that wore a Crown. I know, fays th' other, very well, Your Dukes and Pow'rs Electoral. With others, that advance the glory Of th' Empire. But I'll tell y'a ftory: I dreamt I faw a frightful Beaft, That had a hundred Heads at least; At first I startled at the fight; But soon recovering from my Fright, I ventured on, and coming near it. I-found I had no cause to fear it: For every Head did what it would; Some work'd with all the Force they could; But most of 'em lay of a heap, And look'd as if th' been afleep; Others

Others, in hopes of better Prey,
Were pulling quite another way.
I turn'd my Mead about, and spied
A mighty Beast, on the other side:
One Head adorn'd his Brawny Neck;
But hundred Tails did close his Back;
And as the Heads march'd o'er the Land,
The Tails did follow at Command;
Did Execution every where;
I waked, and thought the Monsters were
Both Empires; but the Tails are ours,
And all the glorious Heads are yours.

The Wolf and Dog.

A Wolf so pitious poor and thin,
His very Bones stuck through his Skin,
(A sign the Dogs were watchful) met
A sturdy Mastiff, slick and fat.
Sir Wolf, revengeful on his Foes,
Had murder'd him, as one of those
That hinder'd him from stealing Cattle;
But was afraid of joyning Battle
With one, that look'd, as if he could
Stand buff, and make his party good.
And therefore in an humble way
He gives the Dog the time o'th' Day;
Talks mighty complaisant, and vents
A Waggon Load of Compliments

(3)

Upon his being in fuch a Cafe, His brawny Flank and jolly Face. Sir Wolf, replies the Mastiff, you May be as fat as any Doe, If you'll but follow my advice; For Faith, I think you are unwife, To ramble up and down a Wood, Where's nothing to be had, that's good, No Elemosynary meat, Or e'er a bit, that's good to eat, But what is got by downright force, For which at last you pay in course. And thus yourselves, your hagged Wives And Children lead but wretched lives; Always in fear of being caught, Till commonly y'are ftarv'd or shot. Quoth Wolf, shew me a livelyhood, And then, the Devil take the Wood: I stand in need of better Diet, And would be glad to feed in quiet : But, pray, What's to be done, an't please ye? Nothing, but what is very eafy; To bark at Fellows that look poor, Fright pilfring Strolers from the Door; And then, which is the chiefest matter, To wag your Tail, to coax and flatter Those of the Family ; for this They'll give you hundred Niceties, As Chicken Bones, boyl'd Loins of Mutton, As good as ever Tooth was put in, The licking of a greafy Difh, And all the Dainties Heart can wish;

Besides, the Master shall carefs ye, Spit in your Mouth, and ---- Heaven bless ye-Good Sir, let's go immediately, Reply'd the Wolf, and wept for Joy. They went; and tho' they walk'd apace, The Wolf spy'd here and there a Place About the Neck of Mastiff, where, It feems, his Curship lost some Hair, And faid, pray Brother Dog, What's this? Nothing. Nay, tell me, what it is; It looks like gall'd. Perhaps 'tis from My Collar. Then, I find, at home They tie you. Yes. I'm not inclin'd to't, Or goes it loofe when y'have a Mind to't, Truely not always; but what's that? What's that ! quoth he; I fmell a Rat; My Liberty is fuch a Treasure, I'll change it for no Earthly Pleasure; At that his Wolfship fled, and so Is flying still for ought I know.

The Frog.

A Frog threw his ambitious Eyes
Upon an Ox, admired his fize,
And, from the smallness of an Egg,
Endeavoured to become as big.
He swells himself, and puss, and blows,
And every foot, cries there he goes.

Well, Brother, have I bulk enough. An't I as large, as he? What stuff! Pray look again. The Dev'l a bit. Then now. You don't come near him yet. Again he swells, and swells fo fast, Till, straining more, he bursts at last. So full of Pride is every Age! A Citizen must have a Page, A Petty Prince Ambassadors, And Tradefmens Children Governours; A Fellow, that i'n't worth a Loufe, Still keeps his Coach and Country-house; A Merchant fwell'd with haughtiness, Looks ten times bigger than he is; Buys all, and draws upon his Friend, As if his Credit had no end; At length he strains with so much Force, Till, like the Frog, he burfts in course, And, by his empty Skin you find, That he was only fill'd with Wind.

The Pumkin and Acorn.

A Self conceited Country Bumkin
Thus made his glosses on a Pumkin.
The Fruit, says he, is very big,
The Stalk not thicker than a Twig,
Scarce any Root, great Leaves; I wonder,
Dame Nature should make such a blunder:

Had I been she, I would have plac'd it On you high Oak, and 'twould have grac'd it Better than Acorns; its a whim A little Shrub would do for them; Why should a Tree so tall and fine, Bear fmall stuff only fit for Swine ? But hundred things are made in wafte, Which shews the World was fram'd in haste. Had I been fent for in those Days, 'T would have been managed otherwise: I would have made all of a fuit, And large Trees should have had large Fruit. Thus he went on, and in his Eyes, The Simpleton was very wife; A little after, coming nigh An Oak, whose Crown was very high, He liked the Place and down he laid His weary Carcass, in the Shade: But, as the find-fault Animal Turn'd on his Back, an Acorn fell, And hit his Nose a swinging Blow. Good God was this the Pumkin now ! The very thought on't ftruck him dumb: He prais'd his Maker, and went home.

The Moral.

THE World's wast Fabrick is so well Contrived by its Creator's Skill;

There's nothing in't, but what is good

To him, by whom its understood;

And what opposes Human Sence,

Shews but our Pride and Ignorance.

The Hands, Feet, and Belly.

THE Hands and Feet in Council met, Were mightily upon the Fret, And fwore 'twas fomething more than hard, Always to work without reward. The Feet faid, truly its a Jeft, That we should carry all the rest; March at all Hours thro thick and thin. With Shoes that let the Water in; Our Nails are hard as Bullock's Horns, Our Toes befet with plaguy Corns; We rais'd four Blifters th' other Night, And yet got not a farthing by't. Brothers, reply'd the Hands, 'tis true, We know what hardship's y' undergo; But then w' are greater Slaves than you; For tho' all day we scrape and rake, And labour till our Fringers ake ; Tho' we've been ply'd at every thing; Yet then, without confidering What pains or weariness we feel. W' are forced to ferve at every meal,

'Aud often, whilft you're fet at eafe, Drudge to the Knucles up in Greafe; As for your Corns and Nails in troth, We have the trouble of cutting both. Take this not, Brothers, in a fence, That might create a Difference; We only hinted it, to fhew We 're full as badly us'd as you; Our Grievances are general. And canfed by him that swallows all; The ungrateful Belly is our bane, Whom with our labour we maintain; The ill natured'st Rogue, that e'er was fed, The lazy'ft Dog, that lives by Bread. For him we starve; for what d'ye think Becomes of all the Meat and Drink? Tis he, that makes us look fo thin, To ftretch his everlafting Skin; Tho' we do all his Bufiness, What did he ever give to us? And therefore let my Lord Abdomen Say what he will, we'll work for no Man, Nay if we fcratch him tho' he itches, Calls us a hundred Sons of Bitches. And, if you do the same, you'll see, He'll quickly be as lean as we; What fay ye, Brothers, do y' agree ? Yes, fays the Feet, and he be curft, That dares to think of ftirring first. And thus the Rebels disobey; Who fwear they'll now keep Holy-day,

3

(9)

Refoly'd to live like Gentlemen. His Gutship calls and calls again, They answer'd they would toil no more But rest as he had done before : But foon the Mutineers repent; The Belly when his Stock was spent, Could not fend down the Nourishment, That's requisite for every part; The weakness seiz'd the drooping Heart : Till all the Members fuffer'd by't, And languished in a woeful plight: They faw, when 'twas too late, how he, Whom they accused of Gluttony, Of Laziness, Ingratitude, Had labour'd for the common Good, By ways they never understood.

The Moral.

From whence the Nourishment is sent;

Of wholesome Laws for mutual Peace,

For Plenty, Liberty, and Ease,

To all the Body Politick,

Which where it fails the Nation's sick.

The Members are the discontent

Pleibeians; that are ignorant,

How necessary for the State

It is, that Princes should be great:

Which

Which, if their Pomp and Pow'r were less, Could not preserve our Happiness. The Vulgar think all Courts to be But Seats of Sloth and Luxury; bed and an in-Themselves, but Slaves compell'd to bear The Taxes, and the Toils of War; But in this Fable they may see. The dismal Fruits of Mutiny; Whilft Subjects, that affift the Crown, Till all the Members laffer d And leagaiffied in a world olighe:

Laxineis, Ingrafited The Countryman and the Knight.

when twee too late, now

ham they accured of Cluttony,

N honest Countryman had got Behind his House a pretty Spot, Of Garden Ground, with all what might Contribute to the Tafte and Sight, The Rose and Lilly, which have been Still kept to compliment the Skin, Poppies renown'd for giving eafe, With Roman Lettice, Endive, Reafe, And Beans, which Nat'ralists do reckon To be so ominous to Bacon.

The Beds were dung'd, the Walks well swept, And every thing was nicely kept .. Only a Hare wou'd now and then Spite of the Mafter and the Men

inces freelld by great

(11)

Make raking work for half a day, Then fill her Out and fcow'r away. In vain they beat and fearch the Ground, The cunning Jilt can ne'er be found, The Master once in angry Mood Starts up and fwears by all that's good He'd be revenged, that he would. Runs to a Country Knight his Neighbour, And there complains how all his labour Was spoil'd by one confounded Hare, Which though the'd watch'd her every where He nor his People ne'er could catch, And of a certain was a Witch. His Worship smiles and promiles To rid him of the Sawcy Puss. At break of Day Fack winds his Horn, The Beagles fcamper thro' the Corn; Deep mouth d Curs fet up a Cry, And make a curfed Symphony. Now ftir you Rognes; the Knight is con With Robin, Lightfoot, Dick and Tom. The House is full of Dogs and Boys, And ev'ry where's a horrid Noile, Well, Landlord, Come, What shall we do Must w' eat a Bit before we go? What have you got? Now all's fetch'd out, The Victuals rak'd, and tore about. One pairs the Loaf, another Groom

Draws Beer, as if he was at home, And spils it half about the Room. What Horseman's yonder at the Door? Why, Faith, there's half a dozen more : They're They're Gentlemen, that live at Court, Come down the Country for some Sport; Some old Acquaintance of the Knight, Who whips from Table, bids 'em light. They ask no Questions but sit down, Fall too as if it was their own. One finishes the Potted Salmon, Then (wears, because he had no Lemon. Good Lord, how sharp the Rogues are set! It puts my Landlord in a Sweat. His Daughter comes with fresh Supplies Of Collard Beef, and Apple-pies. His Worship falls aboard of her; The modest Creature quakes for fear-When do we marry Miftress Ann? Who is to be the happy Man? He takes her Hand, and chucks her Chin, Stares in her Face, commends her Skin, Removes her Linnen, thews her Neck; There's Milk, and Blood, Gad take me Jack. She blushes, and he vows she is A pretty Girl, then takes a Kiss; She don't confent, nor dares deny, Defends herself respectfully; And now the Knight would let her go; Another Rake cries, Damme no : I'll have a Kiss as well as you. He hugs her close, then calls her Dear, And whifpers bawdy in her Ear. My charming Rogue, I would not hurt ye, She answers not, but drops a Courtse.

He's rude, and she's asham'd to squeak; Her Father fees it, dares not fpeak; But patiently enduring all. Stands like a Statue in the Hall. Now for the Garden and the Hare, The Dogs get in, and scrape and tear, The Horsemen follow, leap the Rails; Down goes the Quick-fet hedge, and Pales. The Huntsman hollows, runs and pushes, All goes to Rack, the Borders, Bushes. And now my Landlord cries amain, You've ruin'd me ; but all in vain. The Cabbages are kick'd about, And Flowers with Roots and all pull'd out. The Beds are levell'd with the Ground, At last poor trembling Puss is found Hid underneath a Collyflower. The Prey is took, away they scower, And leave our Countryman to think On all his Loss of Meat and Drink: What havock's made in ev'ry place, was been you'T His Daughter wrong'd before his Face, Small was the Mischief of the Hare To ravenous Hunters to compare. He wrings his Hands, and all in Tears Repents his foolish rashness, swears, -He'll ne'er call help again in hafte, Since Hounds and Horses made more waste, In halfan hour, than all the Hares Of th' Country could in Seven Years.

The Moral wires and

Stands libe a Statue in the Hall.

Hen petty Princes can't agree,

And strive for Superiority,

They often take my Landlord's Courfe,

Invite for Aid a foreign Force;

And when their Subjects Staves are made,

Their Countries all in ruins laid,

As commonly it proves their fate,

Repent with him when it's too late.

The Plague among the Beafts: but had a

And Flowers with Roots and all pull door

All Beafts Domestick and Sylvester,
They try'd a world of Remedies;
But none that conquer'd the Disease:
And, as in the Calamity
All did not dye, so none were free.
The Lyon in this Consternation
Sends by his Royal Proclamation
To all his loving Subjects greeting,
And summons 'em t' a general Meeting;
And when they're come about his Den,
He says, my Lords and Gentlemen,
I believe you're met full of the Sence
Of this consuming Pestilence;

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Sure fuch extraordinary Punishment On common Crimes was never fent; Therefore it took its derivation, Not from the trivial Sence of the Nation; But fome notorious Wickedness; and offere and Then let us fearch our Consciences, And ev'ry one his Faults confess. We'll judge the biggest and the least, And he that is the wicked'ft Beaft Shall as a Sacrifice be giv'n, Thought had a sould T'allay the wrath of angry Heav'n, And ferve our Sins an expiation By ancient way of Immolation; And, fince no one is free from Sin, Thus with my own I'll first begin. I've kill'd an Ox, and which is worfe, Committed Murder on a Horse; And one Day, as I am a Sinner, I have eat feven Pigs for Dinner, Robb'd Woods, and Fens, and like a Glutton, Fed on whole Flocks of Lamb and Mutton: Nay fometimes, for 'tis in vain to lie, The Shepherd went for Company, This was his Speech; when Chanc'lor For Cries out, what fignifies an Ox, Or Horse? Sure those unworthy things Are honour'd, when made sport for Kings. But, Sir, your Conscience is too nice, Hunting's a Princely Exercise: As for the Sheep, that foolish Cattle, Not fit for Carriage nor for Battle,

And being tolerable Meat. Are good for nothing, but to eat. The Shepherd your fworn Enemy Deferv'd no better Deftiny. Thus was he, that had fin'd for Twenty, Clear'd Nemine Contradicente. The Bear, the Tyger, Beafts that fight, And all that could but scratch or bite Came off well; for their gross Abuses Others as bad found Exenses. Nay even the Cat of wicked Nature That kills at play his Fellow Creature Went fcot-free: But his Gravity An Ass of stupid Memory Confess'd, that, going to Sturbridge-Fair His Back most broke with Wooden-ware. He chanc'd half starv'd, and faint, to pass By a Church-yard with exc'lent Grass, They had forgot to shut the Gate, He ventur'd in, stoop'd down and ate. Hold, cries Judge Wolf, no more, for Crimes As these, deserve such fatal Times. By feveral Acts of Parliament Tis Sacriledge, they all confent; And thus the filly virtuous Ass Was Sacrifis'd for eating Grafs.

The Moral.

THE Fable shews you poor Folk's fate
Whilst Laws can never reach the Great.

The Grasshopper and Ant.

Merry Grasshopper, that fung And tun'd it all the Summer long, Fed on fm. Il Flies, and had no Reason To have fad thoughts the gentler season : For when twas hot the veine at South The Victuals flew into his Mouth : But when the winters cold came on, He found he was as much undone, As any Infect under rieav'n; And now the hungry Songster's driv'n To fuch a state, no Man can know it, But a Musician or a Poet, He makes a Visit to an Ant, Defires he would relieve his want ; I come not in a begging way, Says he, No Sir, name but a day In July next, and I'll repay, Your Interest and your Principal Shall both be ready at a Call. The thrifty Ant fays truly Neighbour, I get my Living by hard Labour ; But you, that in this Storm came hither, What have you done when 'twas fair Weather? I've fung, replies the Grashopper; Sung! fays the Ant, your Servant, Sir;

(18)

If you have fung away the best 'Ofall the Year, go dance the rest.

The Milk Woman.

The Grashbyher and het.

Straping Dame, a going to Town To fell her Milk with thin Stuff Gown, And Coats tuck'd up fit for a Race, Marches along a swinging Pace : And in her Thoughts already counts The Price to which her Milk amounts; She fancies all is fold, and lays The Money out a hundred ways; At last she's fix'd, and thinks it plain, That Eggs would bring the furest Gain : She buys a hundred, which she reckons Will four Weeks hence be fix Score Chickens. Such mighty care she takes to rear 'em, No Fox or Kite can e'er come near 'em, The finest Hens are kept for Eggs; The others fold to buy some Piggs; To whom a little Bran she gives With Turnep-tops and Cabbage leaves; And tho' they get no Peafe to speak on, Yetin fhort time they're fold for Bacon. O! how the Money pleas'd her Thought For which a Cow and Calfare bought; She'll have 'em on the Common kept, There fee'em jump, at that fhe leapt

For joy; down comes the Pail, and now Good Night t've Chickens, Calf and Cow, Eggs, Bacon; all her bufy care, With them are dwindled into Air. She looks with Sorrow on the Ground, And Milk, in which her Fortune's drown'd: Then carries home the doleful News, And strives to make the best Excute: Her Husband greets her with a Curse, won And well it was she far'd no worse. The Hermit, and the Man of Fame, Pompeus, and our Country Dame, The wifest Judge, and my Lord May'r, They all build Castles in the Air: And all a fecret Pleasure take In dreaming whilst they are awake: Pleas'd with our Fancies we possess Friends, Honour, Women, Palaces. When I'm alone I dare defy Mankind for Wit and Bravery. I beat the French in half an Hour, Get all their Cities in my Power. Sometimes I'm pleas'd to be a King, That has fuccess in everything, And just when all the World's my own, Comes one to dun me for a Crown; And prefently I am the poor, And idle Dunce I was before. The a life bat find and a life at the

The Cock, the Cat, and the young Moufe.

Mouse of no Experience
Was almost nabb'd for want of Sence. Hear how the filly young one told handend Her strange Adventure to the old. I crofs'd the Limits of our State, And ran as fwift as any Rat; When fuddenly I fpy'd two Creatures Of very different Form and Features, The one look'd fmiling, milde, and Civil, The other was a very Devil; He look'd fo fierce, made fuch a rout, Then tore the Ground, then turn'd about; He ne'er stood still, upon his Head He wore a piece of Flesh that's red; A bunch of Tails with green and black Stood staring higher than his back. And thus describes the simple Mouse A Cock he had feen behind the House, As had it been some Beast of Prey Brought over from America. With infolence, fays he, he strides, And beats with his broad Arms his fides; Then lifts his shrill and frightful Voice, And made so terrible a Noise, That tho' I can affure you, Mother, I've as much Courage as another,

I trembled, and as I am here, Was forc'd to fly away for fear. I curs'd the Bully in my thought; For 'twas that strutting Ruffi'n's Fault; Or else that other Beast and I Had been acquainted presently. He fat so quiet with such Grace, So much good Nature in his Face, He's furr'd like we, and on his Back So purely streak'd with gray and black; He has a long Tail, shining Eye, Yet is all over Modesty. I believe he is a near Relation To our Allies the Rattish Nation: His Ears and Whiskers are the fame With ours, I would have ask'd his Name, When with his harsh and horrid found The other made me quit my Ground. Replies the Mother, well 'scap'd Son, You have been very near undone; That formal Piece of Modesty, That Mirror of Hypocrify, Was a damn'd Cat of wicked Fame; My Heart akes at the very Name, The everlasting For to Mouse, Death, and Destruction to our House. Whereas that other Animal Ne'er did ue hurt, nor never will; But may, when he i dead and gone, Serve us one Day to dine upon. Then prirhee Son, whate'er you do, Take special Care of him, whom you

and the faith in my thought a

For fuch an humble Creature took,
And judge not People by their Look.

The Cock and Pearl.

Cock, not very nicely fed, A Dunghill-raker by his Trade, Whilst scraping in the dirt, had found A Pearl worth Five and Twenty Pound: He goes hard by t'a leweller, And like a filly Dog, fays Sir, In vonder Rubbish lay a bit Of fomething that in't good to eat, If you think it will ferve your turn, I'll change it for a grain of Corn. Nay fometimes Men will do as bad, I've known a foolish Heir, that had A Manuscript of Wit and Labour, Say to a Bookfeller his Neighbour, I've got fome Sheets my Uncle writ, They say he was a Man of Wit, But Books are things I don't much matter, A Crown would do my Business better.

tion related Son, a bath of right dos

Diffikes and calls it Impudence,

This I won had the reputs

The Lyon's Court.

T happen'd that fome Years ago, The Lyon had a Mind to know, What beaftly Nations up and down Belong'd to his Imperial Crown: mit terlw om Hol And therefore in his Princely care Sends word by Letters every where, That he would keep an open Court, Grace it with every Royal Sport; but dominit And fo invites 'em to his Palace, they joyed no A Cave that stunk worse than the Gallows. The Bear fnorts at it, fnuffles, blows, Draws hundred Wrinkles in his Nofe. What need the Fool to have made fuch Faces? The Lyon frown'd at his Grimaces, And for the Niceness of his Smell My Gentleman is sent to Hell. The Monky fam'd for flattery Extalls this Action to the Sky, Then prais'd the King's majestick Face, The stately building of the Place, The Smell, whose Fragrancy so far Exceeds all other Scents that are, That there's no Amber, faid the Sot, But what's a house of Office to't.

This gross infipid stuff the Prince Dislikes and calls it Impudence, To fpeak fo contrary to Sence. And as the one was thought too free, So th' other dy'd for Flattery This Lyon had the reputation To be Caligula's Relation. . The Fox being near; the peevish King Ask'd his Opinion of the thing. Tell me what fmell it is, be bold. Sir, fays the Fox, I've got a Cold. If you would have your Answers please Great Men make use of fuch as these. Bluntness and bare-faced Flattery Can never with the Court agree. 20 2011 val of back Cave that frank

The Drunkard and bis Wife.

dear faorts at it, foother,

AN is so obstinate a Creature No Remedy can change his Nature. Fear, Shame, all ineffectual prove To cure us from the Vice we love, A Drunkard, that had spent his Wealth, And by the Wine impar'd his Health, One Night was very Drunk brought home; His Wife conveys him to a Tomb; Undresses him from Head to Feet, And wraps him in a Winding-sheet :

He wakes, and finds he's not a Bed, The real of All over dress'd like one that's dead ; and les one W Belides, the counterfeits her Voice, the brand grad With Torch in hand, and grunting Nolfe, and lice Looks frightful in a ftrange Array, of a sham ba A One of the Hervin To pass for Dame Cresiphone. And whence he co And every thing is done so well, He thinks he's fairly gone to Hell; And fatisfy'd it was his Merit, He fays to his diffembling Spirit, Who are you in the Name of Evil? She answers hoarfely I'm a Devil, way or had W That carries Victuals to the Damn'd,
By me they are with Brimstone cramm'd. What, fays the Husband, do you think WE I and WI Never to bring them any Drink? Of Parliament & wall Says th' other, I m a grath fun,

best The Carp out sol rentian sy goy ball I

And we know nething of those Matters

Handsome Carp genteely bred, a swood and The Infiesh and running Water sed, and sind the Puff'd up with Pride and Vanity, Forsook the Thames and went to Sea; Thro' Shrimps and Prawns he cuts his way, as and Haddocks frisk and play; and He ask'd some questions, but in vain, All spoke the Language of the Main; He frets he can't be understood, When, at the latter end of Flood,

((26))

Two Herrings vers'd in Languages Were talking about Bufiness; Carp heard 'em, as he fwum along, Discoursing in his River Tongue, And made a stop, they did the same, One of the Herrings ask'd his Name, And whence he came; the Traveller Reply'd, I am a Stranger, Sir, Come for my Pleasure to these Parts To learn your Manners and your Arts: Then Herring asks what News of late? Which are your Ministers of State? Indeed, faid Carp, he could not tell. Nor did much care, quoth Herring well What Laws, what Form of Government? Are Taxes rais'd, without confent Of Parliament? what Courts of? Pifh. Says th' other, I'm a gentle Fish, And we know nothing of those Matters; Quoth Herring, I'm no Fish that flatters, I find you've neither feen nor read, And wonder you fhould break your Head. With what's in other Countries done, That knows fo little of your own. At this the haughty Fool takes fauff, Turns from 'em in a mighty huff; And whilft he flides and flourishes He meets a Country Fish of his, One us'd to Sea, a fubtle Spark, A Pike that fere'd his time t'a Shark; Who leads him into Company Of Riot and Debauchery; Dool to be assent out to

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The scandalous Gang in little time
Infect him with the Salt, and Slime:
They robb'd his Row, till scurvily
At last he's forc'd to leave the Sea.
His Scales begin to drop by scores,
And all his Body's full of Sores.
Half of his Taik, and Snout are gone,
And he, lean, shabby and undone,
Sneaks home as vain and ignorant,
As e'er he was before he went.

The Moral.

Some Fops that wife France and Rome,

Before they know what's done at home,

Look like our Carp when come again.

Strange Countries may improve a Man,

That knew the World before he went;

But he, that sets out ignorant,

Whom only Vanity intices,

Brings Nothing from embut their Vices.

The Nightingale and Owl.

THE Bird of Jove, who was all Day,
As much intent upon his Prey,
As any Prince in Christendom,
Was not well pleased, that coming home,

He

He always found his Folks a Bed, anolaboration of T (Sure Courtiers should be better bred.) mid field For, as Crown'd Heads have much to think, ved I Some Nights he could not fleep a wink and flee a A And thought it hard to have ne'er a Bind In all his Court could speak a Word at zirl is bala Or froff a Candle, hundred things is T aid to that That are of use to waking Kings and need od bal Some Birds ftrove hard, did what they could; Yet when 't grew dark, flept as they flood, o Others pretended that they watch'd. And fwore and ly'd till they were catch'd. The King would not be out upon : Asks all his Court what's to be done? One talks no wifer than a Horfe, sales no Tomo Another makes it ten times worse,

The Ostrich said, It's plain to me, We sleep because we cannot see; Ask Jupiter, he can't deny't, To let it when 'tis dark be light----At that all stopt his Speech a laughing, Except the King, who fell a coughing. Says one more learned than the reft, I'm for a Crane with stone in Fist; If he should sleep it must be known, For presently he'll drap the stone. But as the Watchmen were to be In the upper Garret of the Tree, The King for weighty Reasons said, He'd have no Stones held o'er his Head. Then cries the Swan, and he was right, If one pretends to watch all Night.

He cannot do a better thing of yed gold od find sa To make us believe it than to fing w bothisupon & His Majesty approves of it, and sid to guinead banA And Letters prefently are writ sound a list abnow By which the Airy Prince invites ods north od W All Birds to Court, that fung a Nights; 18 of I But most of 'em look on the same As things of no concern to them. 10 1000 1000 Yet fome that had Ambition which will will yell Would very willingly have gone, due have been self But fince they could not watch in thort, and but And might perhaps be punish'd for't, and both A At best they could propose no Gains, at aventil A But t' have their Labour for their Pains, word break Only the Nightingale, whose Art bee smed sood Man knows, had fill'd his little Heart With fo much Joy, he's more than glad, One T And almost ready to run mad ; and a b vil bell Calls on all Birds and shakes his Wings, be back Tells them how every Night he fings; (A thing, which they knew nothing of, and and For by that time/they're fast enough.) wo sall ave? Says he it hits for luckily por stable and as How a.A. As if it was contriv'd for me, boy equality and I What cause to doubt of being chose, When there's not one that can oppose. His Friend the Black-bird fays, if fo, Make haste to Court ; why don't you go? The haughty Bird cries truly No, Glory's a thing I never went for, and some on Vi Nor shall go now unless I am fent for. And modell Merumay get the place.

At last the King by Mistress Fame, 'S acquainted with his Skill and Name, And hearing of his Stateline's variges thousand at H Sends half a dozen Deputies ; 1001019 21010 14 A Who, when they're come, are forced to wait ? The Bird makes every thing look great ; He humbly thanks his Majefty; But could not leave his Family. On to again and They still perswade and press him hard, He need not doubt of a great Reward. And as the Nightingale delays, hes vons sond and 'And banters 'em for feveral Days; A Magpye in the Field at play blood A Heard how he made the Courtiers flay, Goes home and there relates the Story, The Message, and the Bird's Vain glory, T' an Owl, who from his Infancy Had liv'd in the fame Family; And adds, why don't you take a Flight? I've often heard you fing at Night; When wak'd by our unlucky Boys. Says the Owl, I know I have no Voice As well as you: But if you hear me, Young Jackanaps you need not jeer me-By George, fays Mag, I'm not in jest, What though the Nightingale fings best, He is so proud, takes so much state, A thing I know all Princes hate, That if y'are there before the other, Who wants fuch Courtship, keeps such pother, I don't know but your folemn Face. And modest Mein may get the place

I'll go my felf for Company a stad avairable M. And Mag discoursed so winingly, The Match is made away they fly-The King by this time thought it long To flay for a No&urnal Song, When Master Magpy, and his Friend, Were just come to their Journy's end, They told their Business modestly, And are lodg'd on the Royal Tree. The Owl fets up his Note at Night, At which the Eagle laugh'd out right, Then went to fleep and two Hours after He wak'd, and wanted to make Water. Call'd to his Watch, who presently Jump'd in, and cry'd Sir, Here am I. So, tho' his Owlship could not fing, His watchfulness had pleas'd the King. Next day arrives the Nightingale, With his Attendance at his Tail. His Majesty would by no Means Admit him to an Audience; But fends a stately Bird of Sence, Who thus accosted him. Signior, Whom we fo long have waited for; Since Yesterday a Bird came hither, As grave as ever wore a Feather, Who without promise of Reward Last Night has serv'd upon the Guard, With him to Morrow Night the King Has order'd you to watch and fing, Says Nightingale, what do I care For Orders? I am free, and Iwear

My Master-lays shall mix with none They make a Confort of their own : Old Ball ball But who has fo much vanity, a soom ai does work That dares pretend to fing with me? And hearing twas th' Athenian Bird, He star'd and cou'd not speak a Word, Grew pale, and fwell'd, his Wind came short, And Anger overwhelm'd his Heart. He foams at Mouth, and raves, and blufters, And utters all his Words in Clusters. A King! a Devil, Itupid Fowl, That can compare me to an Owl! Pray fays the Courtier, have a Care, Consider in what place you are; But, as the Fool would hear no Reason, He went, and left him fputt'ring Treason, Then told what happen'd to the King, Who faid he'd never hear him fing; The Owl should be kept in his Place, And th' other punish'd with Disgrace; He wisely weigh'd one's Complaisance Against the other's Insolence, Oppos'd the Humble to the Rude, And thought, the one might do more Good, With Loyalty and Diligence, Than th' other with his Skill and Sence. The Nightingale is kick'd from Court And ferv'd the little Birds for fport; Till full of Shame and Grief he went, And curs'd the King and Government.

The

The Moral.

Rinces can never satisfy That Worth that rates it self too high. What Pity it is ! Some Men of Parts Should have such haughty stubborn Hearts: When once they are courted they grow vain: Ambitious Souls cannot contain Their Joy, which when they strive to hide, They cover it with fo much Pride, So Saucy to Superiors, A TENNATURE Impatient of Competitors, Th' are utterly untractable, And put off like our Nightingale. Many with him might have been great, Promoted Friends, and ferv'd the State, That have beheld, with too much Joy, The wish'd for Opportunity; Then slipt it by their own Delays, Sloth, Pride, or other willful Ways, And ever after strove in vain To fee the Forelock once again.

The Moral.

Council held by the Rats.

Cat, whose Sirname pretty hard was, One Captain Felis Rodilardus Had made so terrible a slaughter Among the Rats; that little after There's hardly one to Thew his head, wanted Most part of em were maim'd or dead. The few that yet had 'scap'd the Grave, Liv'd in a subterranean Cave, Where they fat thinking mighty dull, With Bellies less than quarter full, Not daring to stir out for fear Of Rodilard, who's ev ry where. They tried a hundred ways to fun him : But finding they could never fhun him, The Wretches look upon him, that He's more a Devil than a Cat. Once, when our am rous Spark was gone A hunting Wenches up and down, The poor remainder to improve The time their Enemy made love, Assembl'd, and employ'd their Cares About the straits of their Affairs. Their President, a Man of Sence, Told 'em, by long experience; I know, the Captain used to come In Ambuth without beat of Drum.

Methinks, that if we could but hear him
We need not half so much to sear him:
And therefore, th' only way's to take
A Bell, and tie't about his Neck:
And then let him be ne'er so arch
He'll advertise us of his march.
His Council took, and every one
Was of the same Opinion;
Sure nothing better could be done.
But pray, says one, who is to tie it;
For I desire not to be nigh it.
How! cries another, tie the Bell,
I dare draw all his Teeth as well.
A third, a fourth, all say the same,
And so they parted as they came.

The Moral.

This way they should attack the Town;
Now here, then there, why don't they come?
So, often in a Coffee-room,
Where prudently they rule the Nation.
I've heard some Men of Reputation
Propose things which they dare as well
Perform, as Ratstotie the Bell.

3

The Bat and the two Weafels.

Purblind Bat a heedless Beaft Ran headlong into a Weafel's Nest, Who big with Child, and Paffionate, Had long fince bore a mortal hate To Mice; she rises, takes a Knife, Runs to 'm resolv'd to have his Life, And fays: What Rascal in my House! O impudence ! a'nt you a Mouse ? Confess : Yes, I am sure you are, Or I'm no Weafel : Have a Care, No Names, good Lady, fays the Bat, No more a Mouse, than you a Rat. What, I a Mouse? I scorn the Word; And thank the Gods that made m'a Bird; Witness my Wings, they're proof enough; Long live the Birds, and so came off. Some two Days after giddy brain By a mischance, intrudes again T' another Weasel's, who hates Birds, She lets him enter, made no Words; But fairly caught him by his Crupper, And went to cranch him for her Supper. In quality of Bird, fays he, Madam, this is an Injury, Damn all the Birds, I do Protest You wrong me : Snre y'are but in jest,

What reason I should pass for one?
All Birds have Feathers, I have none.
I am a Mouse long live the Rats,
And Jupiter consound the Cats.

The Moral.

Is forc'd to side with ev'ry one;

And with bis Comp'ny change his story,

Long live the Whig, long live the Tory.

The two Bitches.

A Bitch, who hardly had a day
To reckon, knew not where to lay
Her Burthen down: She had no Bed;
Nor any Roof to hide her Head;
Desires a Bitch of the same Pack,
To let her have, for Heaven's sake,
Her House against her Lying-in.
Th' other, who thought it was a Sin,
To baulk a Wretch so near her Labour,
Says, Yes, 'tis at your Service, Neighbour.
She stays the Month out, and above,
And then desires her to remove:
But th' other tells her, there's yet none
Of all my Whelps can walk alone,

Mave patience but one Fortnight longer.

I hope by that time they'll be stronger.

She grants it, and when that's about,

Again she asks her to turn out,

Resign her Chamber, and her Bed:

The other shew'd her Teeth, and said,

My Children now are strong enough,

Some of 'em able to stand bust.

W' are free to go, but don't mistake us,

That is to say, if you can make us.

The Moral.

What they can keep they'll ne'er restore,
And by fair Means you'll have no more
Returns from them, than from the Grave,
Therefore he that will lend a Knave,
Must be resolv'd on Law and Force;
If not, he'll bid you take your Course.

The Sick Lyon and the Fox.

THE King of Brutes sent all about, He was afflicted with the Gout; And orders ev'ry Species To visit him by Embassies.

To see his Subject Beasts would be Some Comfort to him in his Misery: He swears them faithfully, they shall Be lodg'd, and treated very well. Then for a Safeguard, fends for footh, Passes against his Claw and Tooth. His Vassals in obedience come, And ev'ry Species fends him fome. Only the Foxes stay at home; Their Reason was, they saw the Print Of ev'ry beaftly Foot, that went: But found no Marks, by which, 'twas plain, That any e'er came back again: And truly that's suspicious, Says one, poor Folks are timerous. We know the King would not abuse us; But yet desire him to excuse us. As for his Pass we thank him for't, And believe 'tis good. But in his Court We know, which way we may go in, and of the But not, which to come back again.

The Moral.

W Ise Men sometimes Instruction find In that, which others never mind; Examining the least of things, By Deeds, not Words; they judge of Kings; And never venture on that Coast, Where once they knew another lost. S

The Satyr and the Passenger.

Satyr at his Country House, A difmal Cave, was with his Spoufe, And Brats a going to eat some Broth: Without a Chair, or Table Cloath, On mossy ground they squatted down, With special Stomachs of their own. And just as they fell to a main, Comes one to shelter for the Rain : The Guest's invited to sit down, Tho' in the mean time they went on. He shiver'd, look'd as cold as Death, And warm'd his Fingers with his Breath, Says ne'er a Word, takes good Advice, And stays not till they ask him twice, Falls to the Porridge, takes a fup; But being newly taken up, 'Twas hot, he blows it. Says the Satyr. Whose Palate could bear scalding-water. Friend, what the Devil are you a doing? What do you mean by all this blowing? The Stranger answers, I did blow At first to warm my hands, and now I blow again to cool my Broth. How, fays my Landlord, does it both! Than y'are not like to flay with me, I hate fuch juggling Company.

(41)

What! Out of the same Mouth to blow
Both hot and cold! Friend, prithee go.
I thank the Gods my Roof contains
None such as you. The Fable means.

Who knows but I larol ad without it.

To talk of Joyntines would be rude;

None are more like to do us wrong; Than those that wear a double Tongue.

my Children's good.

The Lyon in Love. aguer I and

Efore the Reign of Buxom Dido, diw that When Beafts could speak as well as I do: Lyons and we convers'd together, And marry'd among one another. Nay, why not? they have more bravery, And are of the eldest family. One of 'em walking in a Grove, Met with a Wench, and fell in Love. Says he, dear Girl, upon my Life, Y'are handsome, and must be my Wife. Then fees her Home, and asks her Father, Th'old Gentleman would have had rather A Son-in-Law of milder Nature, And not so terrible a Feature; He could not give her heartily, And yet 'twas dangerous to deny.

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with all our Walls and Walle broke

Belides

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Besides she lov'd a fierce Gallant, Says he, they have ask'd my Confent; If now I make a Noise about it. Who knows but they may do't without it. Therefore he us'd a Stratagem With honey-words to wheedle him. My Daughter thanks you, Sir, for the honour, Which you are pleas'd to bestow upon her. To talk of Joyntures would be rude ; I know what's for my Children's good. She's wholly yours, and from this hour, Son, I refign her to your power. I only wish, because your Bride Has but a foolish tender Hide, That when you take her in your Arm, For fear your Claws might do her harm, You'd fuffer somebody to pare 'em; And then your Spoule need not to fear em Your Teeth indeed look fine and firing; But yet th'are fomewhat sharp and long; If y'had 'em filed an Inch or two, Twould be no prejudice to you. And she'd respect you ne'er the less, Admire the foftness of your kiss, And be more free with you a Bed. So fenceless is a Lover's head: The Lyon yields, and ftnpidly Lets'em difarm him Cap-a-pe. And fo the loving Son-in-Law, Remaining without Tooth or Claw, Look'd as defenceless as a Town With all the Walls and Gates broke down,

(43)

With Dogs his complaifance they pay, To whom he falls an easy Prey.

The Moral.

W Here Love his Tyrany Commences; There, farewell Prudence, farewell Sences.

The Angler and the little Carp.

Hat little Fishes may be greater, And that, the larger th' are the better I know; but then, to let em fwim, And all the while to ftay for 'em; Since catching fo uncertain is, I think's a foolish Business. An Angler patiently a fishing Employ'd with looking on, and wishing, Catches at last a little Carp That's very poor; but being sharp He thought'twas fomething to begin, Opens his pouch to put him in. But cries the Prisoner pitiously Alas, what would you do with me! Let me grow bigger, throw me in. Some two Year hence you'll catch m' again; I'll stay for you, for you may be sure : Then fell me to some Epicure.

But

With Dogs his compensation cher pay.

But now I'm such a silly Fish,
A hundred would not make a Dish;
And if they should, when all is done,
There would be only Skin and Bone.
Says the Angler I've a Mind to try you,
And if y'an't fit to Stew, I'll Fry you.
Leave preaching till anon, and then
Discourse your Mattets to the Pan.

The Moral,

I Chuse One is for two May be's,

One sure for Ten Uncertainties.

The Wolves and the Sheep.

Between the Wolves, and Sheep, the Wars
Had lasted many hundred Years.
The Sheep could never feed in quiet;
But Wolves disturb'd 'em at their Diet;
And truly Wolf is every Day
By Mastiff hunted from his Prey.
The Shepherd often cuts his Throat,
And turns his Skin into a Coat.
But now both Parties are for ease;
And met to agree on terms of Peace.
When in Debates some time was spent,
On each side Hostages are sent;

(45)

As fuch both Nations were to give What's valued most, the Wolves receive. The Dogs, of which in Awe they flood; The Sheep young Wolves of Noble Blood: And thus the Peace is ratify'd, With Joy proclaim'd on every fide. But in short time the Whelps grew firong, The fturdy Rogues began to long For Blood, and Mischief; watch'd a day, The Shepherds were not in the way. Then hunt the young ones from their Dames, And pick'd and cull'd the finest Lambs; Kill'd and devour'd a Multitude; The rest they carry'd to a Wood, Where with the other Wolves they joyn Who knew before hand their design. The Dogs on publick Faith fecure (And pray what ties could be more fure) Where whilst they slept, and thought no harm, Throttled before they heard th' alarm.

The Moral.

Some Nations, fond of flothful Ease,
Some Nations, fond of flothful Ease,
And striving to avoid Expense,
Will leave themselves without desence;
But cunning Tyrants call'em Friends,
No longer than it serves their Ends.
Against a mighty King that is,
Regardless of his Promises,

(46)

Proclaim an everlasting War,
Observe his Motions, watch with care;
And never hearken to a Peace,
Proffer'd by faithlest Enemies.

The Wasps and Bees.

Troop of Wasps claims openly Some Honey Combs without a Tree. A Regiment of Bees declares, The Honey, and the Combs, were theirs, And let him touch the Goods that dares; They'd shew that they were Bees, and for sooth. Then fays the Wasps, we'll pluck a Crow for't, An shall not fly for Bees, we scorn it. However 'tis left to Juftice Hornet, Who could with all his fubtle Sence Make nothing of the Evidence; In general they depose, 'tis true, That Infects of a yellow hue, With Tails containing poyfonous Stings, Long Body'd, buzzing with their Wings, And all the Signs to paint a Bee, Had been observ'd about that Tree. But this could be no proof for them; For in the Wasps they are the same, His Lordship, for his Reputation Heard a whole Ant's Nest's Information.

But being no wifer than before, At last faid he could do no more; And made a learned Speech to shew 'em: That this Court could fay nothing to 'em: It must be try'd in Chancery. Up starts a pert well meaning Bee, And fays, an't please your Lordship; 'tis Six Months we left our Bufiness: And heard of nothing but Vacations, And Writs of barbarous Appellations; And all this while, you know we are, My Lord, but even as we were. The Honey every Day grows worfe, And greedy Lawyers drain our Purse. Under submission we've enough Of all this formal conjuring stuff. I believe I can inform you better, Which way you may decide the matter What fignifies our looking on, And hearing Council pro and con? Let's go to work and then you'll fee, Which spoke the Truth, the Wasps or we. If they can make such Combs and fill With Honey each fexang'lar Cell; The Cause is theirs, and we'll pay Cost; If not, I hope they'll yield it loft. Which when the Wasps refus'd to do Judge Hornet rose, and said, Oho! I fmoak you, Sirs, and gave the Bees The Suit, with Costs and Damages.

The Moral.

But being no wifer their before;

Their Judgment. With the Turks I believe,
That common Sence so end a Cause,
Is worth a hundred Common Laws.
They lead us such a way about,
Raise new Disputes, make such a Rout.
Between the Plaintiff and Defendant;
That by the time they make an end on't,
The Suit looks like an Oyster, where
The Fish falls to the Lawyer's Share;
And if the Cause be managed well,
Each of the Clients gets a Shell.

The Lyon and the Gnat.

A way base Insect, that took Birth
From th' Exhalations of the Earth.
Thus spoke the Lyon to the Gnat;
Who answer'd, Bully, Think ye that
I'll bear Affronts? No: And declar'd
A War against him to his Beard;
And told the Hector, void of sear,
You'll find Sir King, how much I care
For all your Titles, Tooth and Claw,
Of which great Loobies stand in awe:

(49)

I'll quickly curb your haughtiness, Damn'd Brute; and hardly utter'd this, But founds the Charge (he ferv'd for all For Trumpet and for General.) He nimbly shifts from Place to Place, And plays before the Lyon's Face; The other fnaps and strikes the Air; The Gnat avoids him every where; He watch'd his time, then feiz'd his Neck, From thence he mov'd, and flung his Back, There fasten'd, made his Kingship mad; His Eyes sparkle in his Head ; He foams and roars, and all what's near Trembles, and hides itself for fear, Yet, of this general Hurrican, And dire Alarm th' Occasion Is, what one would suspect the least, So small an Atom of a Beaft. With hundred rambling flights he teafes The Brute, and leads him where he pleases; Gets up his Nostrils, laughs to sce With how much Rage his Enemy Tore his own Flesh, and all in Blood Ran raving through the affrighted Wood. He still pursues, till out of Breath The Lyon dropp'd, and bled to Death. The merry buzzing Conqueror Flies from the dismal Seat of War, And as he founded chearfully The Charge, fo founds the Victory. But going to proclaim his Story, Puffed up and blinded with his Glory,

H

He

(50)

He met a Cobweb in his way, And fell a filly Spider's Prey.

The Moral.

So one that cross'd the Ocean o'er, May smother in a Common Shore.

The Woodcleaver and Mercury.

N Ancient times, when Jupiter Was pretty free, a Labourer, That earn'd his Bread with cleaving Wood, Lost with his Ax his Livelyhood. 'Twould grieve ones Heart to hear what fad And pitious moan the Fellow made: He had no Tools to fell again, And buy another Ax, poor Man ! It was his All, and what to do, Or how to live he does not know, And as the Tears stood in his Eyes, My Ax! O my dear Ax! he cries: Sweet loving Jupiter ! restore My Ax. Olympus hear his roar; And Mercury the Post-Boy, or The Flying Post (his Character Suits either for he's God of Lying Beardless, and fam'd for News and Flying.)

Came

Came to the Labourer, and faid, Your Ax in't loft, cheer up, my Lad: I've got it here; but can you tell Which is your own? ! very well, Quoth he. Says Mercury take hold, And gives him one of Maffy Gold; To this, quoth th' other, I've no claim, To a Silver one he faid the fame : But when his Iron one was shewn, He cries, I Faix this is mine own; God bless you, Sir. And Mercury Said, to reward his Honesty, Th' are all your own, I give 'em ye. The Story's quickly nois'd about; The way to Riches is found out: 'Tis but to lose one's Ax; the Fools, That had none, fold their Cloaths and Tools To get one; and whate'er they cost, They're bought in order to be loft. The God of Thieves and Merchants, who By chance had nothing else to do, . Came as they call'd; his Deity Gave every one the choice of three: The lying Rogues deny'd their own, And fwore they loft a Golden one: But as they stoop for't, Mercury Chops off their Heads, and there they lie.

The Moral.

THE Fable shews you, Honesty

Is always the best Policy.

The Hare and his Ears.

Some stupid horn'd Beast or other, Trotting along to get some fother, Had run the Lyon in his Side; Who, for the future to provide Against such Accidents as this, Sends Writs, by which he banishes From his Dominions every one, That wore a Horn: And when 'twas known, The Stags fneak off with Bulls and Rams. The very Calves went with their Dams : And, whilft they are moving every where To foreign parts, a fearful Hare, That faw the shadow of his Ears, Was startled at the fight; and fears, Some Villain might maliciously Say they were Horns; What Remedy? Says he, they're long, and I can't tell. Well Neighbour Cricket Fare-you-well: My Ears are Horns too; I'll march off; They're very long, and that's enough:

(53)

Nay, were th' as short as Ostrich Ears,
It would not rid me of my fears;
For if they catch m' I go to Pot.
Foh! says the Cricket, y'are a sot.
Hares Horns! what Puppy calls 'em so?
Th' are Ears. But yet, for ought you know,
Replies poor Puss, they'll pass for Horns;
And may be Horns of Unicorns.
They call the Rabbet's Fore legs, Wings,
I hold no Argument with Kings.

The Moral.

A T Lyons Courts, in case of Treason, I rather trust my Heels, than Reason.

The Rat and the Frog.

A Graceless Rat, in special case,
Kept neither Lent nor Holidays;
But lov'd his Gut beyond his Soul,
And look'd as slick as any Mole:
Who one day having time to spare,
Went to the Marshes for some Air;
There meets a Frog, not over fat,
Who says, your Servant Mr. Rat;
And seemingly with much good Nature,
Invites the Stranger o'er the Water:

Says he, I live in yonder Fens, Go with m' I'll treat you like a Prince. The Rat, who had a mind before To ramble, need r've heard no more; But yet the Frog made a whole Lecture On Country Bagnios, and their Structure, The Voyage, and the Recreation He'd find in his amphibious Nation; Their Manners, and a hundred things, Of which in Winter Evenings, He'd tell fine Stories ten Years after, By Fire sides in Praise of Water: And, fince he always liv'd a Shore, There's nothing could refresh him more. These Reasons pleas'd his Ratship so, That he was raving mad to go. But as your pamper'd Folks are fearful, He faid, one cannot be too careful; 'Tis true I fwim, but not like you, And Cramps, or other things, you know, Might happen: If I could but have Some small Affiftance .--- Says the Knave, Prithee be quiet, to prevent All harm, I've an expedient, That has a thousand times been tried. Then took a bit of Rush and tied One of the Fore feet of the Rat To his Hind leg, and out they fet. But O thou wicked World! how evil Are all our Hearts! this croaking Devil Swum to the deep; where, when he got him, He strove to pull him to the bottom; And

And thought it was a lucky hit, To meet with fuch a dainty bit; Good wholesome Meat, and so went on. The Rat, who felt he was undone, Cry'd out, and foul'd himself for fear, And, tho' fometimes in half a Year, The Varlet never faid a Prayer; Yet (as the Proverb tells us, he That cannot pray, must go to Sea.) So now, with all the Sugar Words, A frighted Coward's Heart affords; He call'd the Gods, and coax'd the Frog; But, No: That false hard-hearted Dog Is deaf to all his Protestations, And violates the Law of Nations. One lugs and labours like a Horse, Th' other refifts with all his Force. The Frog's for going down; the Rat, If 't pleased the Gods, would rather not. And, whilft they're ftruggling different ways, A Kite, that hover'd o'er the Place, Saw what our Gentry was about, Would fain have feen the Battle out; If't had been fafe; but being loth To lofe his Stomack, took 'em both: And, doubly bless d beyond his wish, Supp'd like a Lord, on Flesh and Fish,

The Moral.

HE, that's entangled in a Plot,
For want of Strength, is often caught:
And in his Practices detected
By Accidents, he ne'er suspected.
What cares a Frog for Kites, in Water?
But Villany rewards its Author.

The Cat and an old Rat.

've heard, and if it be a Lie, You have it e'en as cheap as I; That a huge Cat of mighty Name, A fecond Rodilard for Fame, The Alexander of the Cats; An Attila, a scourge to Rats, Had brought fuch horrid devastation, And Mischief on the latter Nation ; 'Twas thought he would depopulate The World, and Swallow every Rat. The long Tailed Gentry, far and near, Are all possess'd with so much fear, That there's not one in fix Miles round, That dares to venture above ground; Their bloody minded Enemy Is forry, that they're grown fo fhy.

(57)

In valu he watch'd, and lurk'd about, The De'l a bit as one came out. Says he, the Scoundrels are alive, I hear 'em ftir and must contrive To draw 'em out; for, where they dwell, I'm fure, they're uncomatable. At that he gets upon a Shelf, And to a String he hangs himfelf By one Foot, dangling with his Head Downward, as if he had been dead. The Rats all thought, he had been taken At stealing Cheese, or gnawing Bacon; Perhaps he might have foul'd the Bed. Murder'd a Bird; or, that he had Committed any other Evil, By instigation of the Devil, Or his own more malicious Nature ; For which they'd hang'd the wicked Creature. The Prisoners, who wanted Bread Thank'd Heaven, and were very glad. They show their Snouts, and now begin To peep out and pop back again; Till growing bold they leave their home. And scamper up and down the Room. Down comes the treacherous Malefactor. Who rais'd to Life without a Doctor. Fell with fuch rage about their House; Each Blow kill'd either Rat or Moufe : Some made Resistance, but in vain. The Ground is cover'd with the flain. such Execution did his Claw, But when the cunning Warrior faw,

(58)

The nimble ones go off in Sholes, And get within their crooked Holes, He call'd to 'em, for all your hafte, I know, you'll come to me at last. This trick you never knew before, But I can shew you hundred more. He'd kill'd enough to live upon Some few Days; but when that was gone, He kept his Word, and wheedled 'em With quite another Stratagem. He jump'd into a Tub of Flower, And there flood powd'ring half an hour, 'Till thinking he was dawb'd enough, He walks into an open trough Where lying fnug as white as Snow, And roul'd up like a piece of Dough, He waits the Starvlings coming to'm, And now and then he pick'd up some. But an old Rat, who full of Scars, Had loft his Tail in former Wars; Standing at th' Entrance of the Cave, Call'd to our Cat. You, Mr. Knave, Your Hanging or your Flower won't do, I know your Tricks as well as you. You was a Cat, and are fo still: Change to what form or shape you will: Nay be a Log, I wont come nigh't. Says th' other, Faith he's in the right. And wifely knows, diftrust to be The Mother of Security.

The Weasel and the Rat.

Hungry Weafel poor and lank, With wrinkled Jaws, and Taper Flank, Hardly recover'd from her Weakness, Occasion'd by a Fit of Sickness. Met with a Granary, and stole Into it thro' a little Hole. She bless'd herself to see the store, No Miser sure could covet more: And, thinking Nobody could harm her, Fell to, and fed like any Farmer. At Nights the flept, and fnor'd at Eafe, And having Peace and Quietness, Four Meals a Day, a wholesome Air, A dainty Diet, little Care, Shequickly chang'd her meagre Feature, And look d like quite another Creature. The Truth is, it would be a hard Cafe, If all this should not mend one's Carcass. Once, fitting at a Dish of Wheat, She heard a Noise, for sook her Meat, Ran to the Hole to fave her Bacon. Squeez'd to get thro'; but was mistaken. And as the fearches all about, And finds no Crevish to get out, She spies a Rat, and tells him, pray What must I do, I've lost my way,

Which

Which is the Hole? No, says the Rat, Your way is right; but y'are too Fat. Stay but a Week, and fast, good Dame, Till y'are as lean, as when you came, And then you'll find the Hole's the same.

The Moral.

Man in profitable Station,
Grown rich by Plundering the Nation,
Is often willing to resign,
But seldom to refund the Coin.

The Wolf and the Stork.

Wolves commonly are fam'd for Eating,
As much, as Foxes are for Cheating.
One of 'em, at a Mutton Feast,
Devour'd his Meat with to much haste;
A Bone got in his Throat, and there
Stuck fast; some Learned Authors swear,
It was the Os Sacrum, others say,
It was one of the Vertebra.
But hang disputes; since it is all one
What Bone it was; so 'twas no small one.
There stood Sir Wolf, and full of Grief
Made signs he wanted quick Relief.

(61)

And well it was he could not Cry; For no Soul would have come a nigh. At last he shews it to a Stork, The long-leg'd Surgeon goes to Work; Takes out the Bone immediately; And when 'twas done, desir'd his Fee. Sure, fays the Wolf, whoever draws His Head out harmless from my Jaws, May boast of such a Happiness, As far o'erpays all Offices; A thing which ne'er was done before, And may be, ne'er will happen more. But O Damn'd Vice Ingratitude! To scape with Life, and be so rude, As to ask Fees ! take care young Man, You never fee my Face again.

The Moral.

WELL BOILE WALLS SIN

Some Folks are so mischievous grown,
They claim Thanks if they let y' alone.

Aal well lewes be could one try ; for no Sould would have come a night

The Frogs asking for a King.

He Frogs, after some Ages spent In Democratick Government, Grew weary of it, and agree, To change it for a Monarchy; And humbly begg'd a King of Jove, The God comply'd, and from above Dropt 'em a very peaceful one; But only in the falling down, He made fuch Noise, that all the Frogs, Who are but fearful skittish Dogs Were frighted and drove under Water, And there remain'd a good while after. Among the Weeds; their fear was fuch. There was not one, that dar'd fo much As look upon him, whom they thought Some Giant, or the Lord knows what. Tho' all this while 'twas but a Log, At last came up a daring Frog; But took care, not to fwim too nigh it, Till, feeing it lay fo very quiet, He went on, tho' in mighty awe; But when his Fellow Subjects faw Their Bulky King did him no harm. In half an Hour the Pond did swarm Of Frogs. O! what a pretty thing It was to play about their King:

The meekest that e'er wore a Crown; And foon they're fo familiar grown, That laying all respect aside, They Jump upon his Back, and ride. The King fays nothing, keeps his Peace, And let's 'em work him as they pleafe. But this they hate, they'd have him move, A fecond time they call on fove, And tire his Brain with clam'rous rout, To have a King, that stirr'd about. Fove, mad for being plagu'd again, Sends 'em a Damn'd devouring Crane; Who only was for Kill, and Slay, And eat whoe'er came in his way. Much louder now the Rafcals cry; Deliver us from Tyranny! O Jupiter! If he goes on, We shall be murder'd every one, a singa lob This is the Devil upon dun. 1 1001 gmmid 5) Quoth he, I'll humour Fools no more, You might have kept what ye had before; You left your Common-wealth, to feek A King; and then he was too meek; You must have one, for footh, that stirs : I hope now you have got one, Sirs. You never chang'd without a Curfe, Keep this, for fear you get a worfe.

beat i Amen early gast material

The Moral.

Thank God, this Fable is not meant
To Englishmen; they are content,
And hate to change their Government.

3

The Wolf and the Lamb.

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T is a thing without contest, I That he that's strongest reasons best: The Weather being fultry hot, A Lamb to cool himself, was got A paddling in a purling Stream. (To Rhiming Fools a mighty Theme) When a fhe Wolf (the De'l fure fent her) Came down, in quest of some Adventure, And hardly spy'd poor Innocence; But pick'd a Quarrel void of Sence; Began to fputter, Damn and Sink, Ask'd how he dar'd to spoil her Drink, A nafty poyfoning Dog. Odsbud! He'd make it all as thick as mud. For which he'd punish him by Jove: Madam, reply'd the Lamb, I love To reason calmly, and will show ye, That I am Twenty Yards below ye.

And humbly craving leave, from thence I draw this reg'lar Confequence; That I can't, standing in this Place, Disturb the Liquor of your Grace. You do, fays the other, and last Year You told some Lies of me. I swear. I was not born then, quoth the Lamb: I han't left fucking of my Dam. Twas either you or else your Brother: I've ne'er a one. Then 'twas your Mother, Or any other near Relation; For all your wicked Generation Hates me; your Dogs and Shepherds too And without any more a-do, The Lamb was carry'd to the Wood; And ferv'd the cruel Wolf for Food.

The Lyon grown old.

A Valiant Lyon, now grown old,
His Limbs and Jaws benumb'd and cold,
Lay thinking on his Royal Bed,
With scarce a Tooth in all his Head:
And Claws worn to the Stumps with Tearing:
(But every thing's the worse for wearing)
And whilst he labour'd to repent,
Complaining of his Youth mispent,
His Rebel Subjects paid no more,
That Honour, which they gave before,

(66)

But treat him with Contempt and Scorn:
The Bull does push him with his Horn,
The Horse affronts him with his Heels:
No Tongue can tell what grief he feels
From these insulting Enemies.
In comes the Ass; but when he sees,
That Coward too forget his Duty,
He dying said, Tu quoque Brute?

The two Physicians.

Wo graduate Physicians, I Of many Years Experience, With Coaches to proclaim their Skill, Are fent for to a Man that's ill. One feels his Pulse and gives him over: But th' other fays he may recover; I have great hopes, we'll give him some Of my Antithanaticum. No, cries the first, he is too weak; Yes truly Sir, I'm very fick, Replies the Patient; down they fate, And enter'd in a deep Debate: One quotes four Words of Arabick, Th' other an Aphorism in Greek. They're very hot, and every one Sticks to his own Opinion. The Upshot was, they writ a Bill, Which neither lik'd of very well:

(67)

They visit him some Days, and vent
Many a learned Argument;
But as his Life went on sull Speed,
He could not stay till they agreed,
And so march'd off; and when he's a
Both still are in the right; one said,
I told you so, his very Eye
Prognosticated he would dye:
And th' other cry'd, had I been belie
I'm very sure, he would have liv'd,

Love and Folly.

be recent d, bawid out,

He charming God, that with his E So many Thousand Years ago, Came to that troublesome Employ, He serves in still, is but a Boy: His Art is so mysterious, That to explain his business, His Tackle, Arrows, Quiver, Taper, Would take up several Reams of Pape Which being more than I've a mind To fill; I'll only, fince he is blind, Tell you which way he lost his fight, With what came on't, and fo good Nig Folly and Love took one another Aside, as Boys will run together, And crept into a Nook of Heaven, To play at Seven or Eleven;

true col b liegt sweet

(68)

And here good People, Gamesters may Behold what mischies comes from Play: There 'rose a quarrel about the Main, Its Eight fays Love, and thought 'twas plain; Quoth Folly, but I'm fure 'tis Nine, You Little Cheat, the Game is mine: At last Words growing very high, Programment Love gives his angry Foe the Lie; Then up ftarts Folly, flings the Dice-At Love, and beats out both his Eyes. Venus would be reveng'd, bawl'd out, And fhed fo many Tears about The Peepers of her little Son, That she was like to have spoil'd her own. She would have Justice done, she swore, Call'd Folly Rogne and Son'f a Whore: How did you do't; I'll make you dance? Indeed faid Folly, 'twas by chance. Cry'd Cupid, you're a punning Cur, And fnobb'd. In comes the Thunderer, With all the Gods and Goddesses, To fit upon the Bufinefs, the same the same to the Between Love and the Boy at Bary paid The Cuckold and the God of War Were very hot, they'd have him dye; But when Minerva ask'd him, Why? They faid, because ---- Be free from rage, Ye Gods, faid Themis, mind his Age, And then the Council feem'd to incline To make him only pay a Fine To Love. But the injur'd Mother cries, That won't do, I'll have both his Eyes, Secundum He shall pay Corpore non bonis. Show birrod sid T Apollo bids her to be civil. They yet signer H T'have two blind Boys would be the Devil Said Juno; and this gave the hint and no hour To Jove, t'inflind a Punishment, no short of all That might eafe Love; what must be do? He could not walk alone; and fo de all soiling H Twas fixed by all the Gods above, and tedated W That Folly should be guide to Love. bod sof in ! He's slied to Stears, and to the Fool

A She-Goat, a Sheep and a Sow. She's deily milk'd and does depend on the

Thinks only that you wind T And this good Lady with the beard

She-Goat that gave exc'lent Milk, A Sheep, whose Fleece was fost as Silk, And a fat Sow went to the Fair In the same Cart, not to take th' Air, Or to fee Shows; but, as I am told, Downright in order to be fold; All the way long the Sow did fquawl, And scream enough to deafen 'em all; Had she been follow'd by six score Butchers, she could have done no more: The other Creatures wonder'd at her, And could not dream what was the matter; They thought it must proceed from fear; And yet perceived no danger near ; The Carter told her, What d'ye mean? Who gives you reason to complain?

Your

Your Cries have stunn'd us; what d'ye make This horrid Noise for? prithee take Example by your Company, is od or rod abid allegh. Be filention talk eivilly wow a you bank on swen' I' Look on that Sheep, he thinks you're mad; Has he spoke one Word good or bad? No : He is wife. The Devil he is, Replies the Sow, could he but guess, Whither you carry us, or why; I'm fure he'd bawl as loud as Is blue of violes He's used to Shears, and so the Fool Thinks only that you'll take his Wool; And this good Lady with the Beard Has no great Caufe to be afear'd; She's daily milk'd and does depend on't, You'll drain her Dug, and there's an end on't : And 't may be fo, or 't may be not: | A But, wou'd you have me fuch a fot, wor and Who 'm good for nothing, whilft I've Breath, To be afraid of less than Death? I merrigacia order to be fold

A the way long the Sow did Iquawl.

I have (Vought is said proceed from lear ;

Sagaray base What I blos made and

t has regret on herbers, in the

the gives you readen to complete !

side des been fonce d. by fix foore

moque con Creatures wouderd as here

The Moral.

Pon my Word 'twas [hrewdly faid, Of one that was no better bred: Tet all this sad complaints and fear Are for the Thing she's forced to bear : And tho' she knew, she was to dye, She could not change her doftiny. Therefore I think, where all is loft, He, that fees fartheft, Suffers moft.

The Dog and the Ass.

tiel to lity a areaol

HElp one another is, no doubt,
A Law we can't live well without: Yet one Day, (and how't came to pass I don't know) 't happen'd that an Afs, Who's otherwise an honest Creature, Of no uncharitable Nature, Did flight it: A large Dog and he Were travelling in Company, Without a thought of Strife or Care, Followed by him whose Goods they were; And coming to some curious Grass, The latter went to fleep; his Afs, Who was a Lover of good Pasture, Made better use on't than his Master, And

bos

You've newly shoot, and tron bound;

And fell a feeding heartily: But the poor Dog Rood starving by, And faid, Much good may do thy heart, Dear fellow Traveller; thou art My loving Friend .-- But Mr. Gray, My Meat is in your Panier, pray, Stoop down, and let me take out fome, I han't eat fince we came from home; He gets no Answer, asks again, But No, th' Arcadian Gentleman Thought every Word a mouthful loft. And would fay nothing to his coft, So held his Tongue a while; at last He told him, Priend, I am in hafte. And, when I stoop my Back, it akes; Have patience till your Master wakes, It won't be long, and then you'll get Your Belly full, if he thinks fit. Just then a Wolf came from the Wood, And they have Appetites as good As any; Grizz'l at a distance Hears him, and asks the Dog's affiftance; But he don't budge, and ferves him right; Says he, I never us'd to fight Without a cause for fighting's fake; Stay till your Master is awake ; Hear what he fays, it won't be long; Sir Wolf won't offer any wrong; And if you fear his Teeth or Claws, Knock but his Brains out, break his Jaws, And lay him sprawling on the Ground; You're newly Shod, and Iron bound;

(73)

And whilst this fine Discourse went on. Poor Grizzle's bufiness was done. For fall his Tailmont he was our on't :

The Moral. Thing thing The Moral.

One can live happily together, Without asisting one another.

The Fox and Wolf.

But to come back again, het sput,

He Fox went on the fearch one Night, The Moon had hung out all her light; He fees her Image in a Well; But what it was he could not tell; Gets on the Bricks to look at ease: At last concludes it is a Cheese: One Bucket's down, the other up, He jumps in that which was a-top, And coming to the Water, fees How little Skill he had in Cheefe. Poor Ren, remov'd from all Acquaintance, Sits in the Bucket of Repentance; And when the Rascal ought to have laid The fault upon himself, it's faid. this a proquin He blam'd his Stars, tho' I b'lieve rather He curst the Moon, and all fair Weather. to Dame Jen's t sing in.

the Corner : Bill thore's Ment canno

the sport : h grast to only

(74)

Well, there he fat, and wish'd, no doubt on't, For half his Tail that he was out on't: Sometimes he ray'd and talk'd like mad, And every thing came in his Head, That to his purpose could be faid. Mappy are those that don't love Cheese; We may go downward when we pleafe, But to come back again, hec opus, All tricks are vain; my only hope is, That Somebody as wife as I. Hits on my Whim, or else I die. 1 Two Days are paft; poor Animal, Sees Nobody come near the Well; And now old Time had in one Place, Cut a good piece of Cynthia's Face ; For as he does all things, he eats her, And takes a flice, where'er he meets her: Volpone spies it, and it grieved him. To fee that spoil'd which had deceiv'd him, Thinking his case was desperate: When on the third Night pretty late, A Wolf who could not fleep, because He felt an itching in his Jaws, Look'd into it; What are you there? Says Ren, pray fee what I got here; It is a groaning Cheese, 'twas made From Jo's Milk, and Faunus had The ordering of it, 'twould have been Kept for Dame Juno's Lying in, But the miscarry'd : I took off This Corner; still there's Meat enough

The I (No E X.

For two or three, I thought on you, will all Wish'd I might see you, and to shew, How I esteem, love, and adore ye, has milima ad P That Bucket's left on purpose for year about adl The filly Wolf believes, getsling an many than I will And draws Volpone up again and grown sugar out The Grafhopper and Ant 81 The Alila Worman The Cock, the Cat, strong adT Moufe 22 The Cock and Pearl On't blame the stupid Animal, and inorth You credit things less probable ; And most Men easily give ear, THE CAPP To what they either wish or fear. has alanced of sall Cenneil held byth far 30 The Bar and the ere Wealchs 58 The two Bisches The Sick Lyon and the Fox The Satyr and the Paffenger 14 The Lyon in Love 4.8 The Angler and the little Carp A. Ja FINELS She brown Wall 0.6 48 The Lyon and Agan 9 The Woodeleaver and Merenry 82 The Have and his East 27 The Eas and the Fron 02 The Cas and old Kat 97 The Wealthand the Rat The Bull and the Stork .62 The Freeze asking for a King 29 The Walf and Lamb 65 3Ha kwen grown old 00 The two Physisians 50 Keye and Faily 69 A She -Goat a Sbeep, and a Som The Dog and Als

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